

SMALL TREES

To be planted no closer than 30 feet apart, in tree lawns or public right-of-way that is at least 3 feet wide. The average 30-year mature tree height less than 30 feet.

<u>Common Name(s)</u>	<u>Scientific Name (Family, Genus, Species)</u>
Paperbark Maple	<i>Aceraceae Acer griseum</i>
American Smoketree N	<i>Anacardiaceae Cotinus obovatus</i>
American Hop-Hornbeam C, N	<i>Betulaceae Ostrya virginiana</i>
Eastern Redbud C, N	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>
Saucer Magnolia	<i>Magnoliaceae Magnolia soulangeana</i>
Star Magnolia	<i>Magnoliaceae Magnolia stellate</i>
‘Ivory Silk’ Japanese Tree Lilac	<i>Oleaceae Syringa reticulata</i> ‘Ivory Silk’
Shadblow Serviceberry C, N, S	<i>Rosaceae Amelanchier canadensis</i>
Thornless Cockspur Hawthorn C, N, S	<i>Rosaceae Crataegus crusgalli</i> ‘Inermis’
Harvest Gold Crabapple (tree form) <i>Malus</i> is C, N, S	<i>Rosaceae Malus</i> ‘Hargozam’ Prairiefire
Crabapple (tree form) <i>Malus</i> is C, N, S	<i>Rosaceae Malus</i> ‘Prairiefire’
Sugar Tyme Crabapple (tree form) <i>Malus</i> is C, N, S	<i>Rosaceae Malus</i> ‘Sutyzam’

OXFORD’S URBAN TREE MANAGEMENT PLAN

C: Considered “Common” in Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Forestry (ODNR)” Index of Ohio Trees”

N: Considered a generally “Native” tree species by the ODNR

S: Suggested by ODNR in “Selecting Trees for Your Needs” January, 2009

MEDIUM TREES

To be planted no closer than 40 feet apart, in tree lawns or public right-of-way that is at least 5 feet wide. The average 30-year mature tree height less than 45 feet.

<u>Common Name(s)</u>	<u>Scientific Name (Family, Genus, Species)</u>
Chinese Pistache	<i>Anacardiaceae Pistacia chinensis</i>
Heritage River Birch C, N, S	<i>Betulaceae Betula nigra</i>
American Hop Hornbeam N	<i>Betulaceae Ostrya virginiana</i>
Katsura Tree	<i>Cercidiphyllaceae Cercidiphyllum japonicum</i>
Sourwood C, N	<i>Ericaceae Oxydendrum arboreum</i>
Hardy Rubber Tree	<i>Eucommiaceae Eucommia ulmoides</i>
Yellowwood N (American or Kentucky Yellowwood)	<i>Fabaceae Cladrastis kentukea</i>
Thornless Honeylocust C, N, S	<i>Fabaceae Gleditsia triacanthos</i> ‘Inermis’
Nuttall Oak	<i>Fagaceae Quercus texana</i>
Blackjack Oak N	<i>Fagaceae Quercus marilandica</i>
Persian Ironwood	<i>Hamamelidaceae Parrotia persica</i>
Yulan Magnolia	<i>Magnoliaceae Magnolia denudata</i>
Allegheny Serviceberry C, N, S (Smooth Serviceberry)	<i>Rosaceae Amelanchier laevis</i>
Green Hawthorn	<i>Rosaceae Crataegus viridis</i>
Yoshino Cherry	<i>Rosaceae Prunus x yedoensis</i>
Henry Maple	<i>Sapindaceae Acer henryi</i>
Chalk Maple	<i>Sapindaceae Acer leucoderme</i>
Chinese Buckeye	<i>Sapindaceae Aesculus chinensis</i>
Ohio Buckeye C, N	<i>Sapindaceae Aesculus glabra</i>
Carolina Silverbell C	<i>Styracaceae Halesia carolina</i>
Crimean Linden (Caucasian Lime)	<i>Tiliaceae Tilia x. euchlora</i>
Zelkova (Japanese Elm)	<i>Ulmaceae Zelkova serrata</i>

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LARGE TREES

To be planted *no closer than 50 feet apart*, in tree lawns or public right-of-way that is at least 8 feet wide. The average 30-year mature tree height greater than 45 feet.

<u>Common Name(s)</u>	<u>Scientific Name (Family, Genus, Species)</u>
Red Maple C,N,S	<i>Aceraceae Acer rubrum</i>
Sugar Maple C, N, S	<i>Aceraceae Acer saccharum</i>
Sugarberry (Native to the U.S.)	<i>Betulaceae Celtis laevigata</i>
Eastern Red Cedar C, N, S	<i>Cupressaceae Juniperus virginiana</i>
Dawn Redwood	<i>Cupressaceae Metasequoia glyptostroboides</i>
Bald Cypress C, N, S	<i>Cupressaceae Taxodium distichum</i>
Kentucky Coffeetree - male only N	<i>Fabaceae Gymnocladus dioica</i>
Attention Oak N	<i>Fagaceae Quercus rubra</i> ‘Attention’
White Oak C, N, S	<i>Fagaceae Quercus alba</i>
English Oak (Pedunculate Oak) C	<i>Fagaceae Quercus robur</i>
Red Oak C, N, S	<i>Fagaceae Quercus rubra</i>
(Northern Red or Champion Oak)	
Shumard Oak C, N	<i>Fagaceae Quercus shumardii</i>
Burr Oak (Bur or Mossycup Oak) C, N	<i>Fagaceae Quercus macrocarpa</i>
Chinkapin Oak (Chinquapin Oak) C, N	<i>Fagaceae Quercus muehlenbergii</i>
Ginkgo (Maidenhair tree) - male only	<i>Ginkgoaceae Ginkgo biloba</i>
Sweetgum C, N, S	<i>Hamelidaceae Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
European Larch	<i>Pinaceae Larix decidua</i>
(Eastern, American, or Black Larch, or Hackmatack) Native to Canada, upper Midwest and NE states	
London Plane Tree (hybrid of native Sycamore)	<i>Platanaceae Platanus x acerifolia</i>
America Linden (American Basswood) N	<i>Tiliaceae Tilia americana</i>
Littleleaf Linden	<i>Tiliaceae Tilia cordata</i>
Bigleaf Linden	<i>Tiliaceae Tilia platyphyllos</i>
Prairie Pride Hackberry C, N	<i>Ulmaceae Celtis occidentalis</i> ‘Prairie Pride’
Princeton Elm <i>U. americana</i> is native	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus americana</i> ‘Princeton’

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LARGE TREES

(continued)

<u>Common Name(s)</u>	<u>Scientific Name (Family, Genus, Species)</u>
Valley Forge Elm <i>U. americana</i> is native	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus americana</i> 'Valley Forge'
Homestead Elm	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus</i> 'Homestead'
Pioneer Elm	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus</i> 'Pioneer'
Regal Elm	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus</i> 'Regal'
Accolade (trademarked) Elm	<i>Ulmaceae Ulmus davidian</i> var. <i>japonica</i> 'Morton'

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